### Our legacy is yours.



# The Surgeon and the Lactating Breast

An Ambivalent Relationship

Cory Donovan MD

Breast Surgery Legacy Medical Group



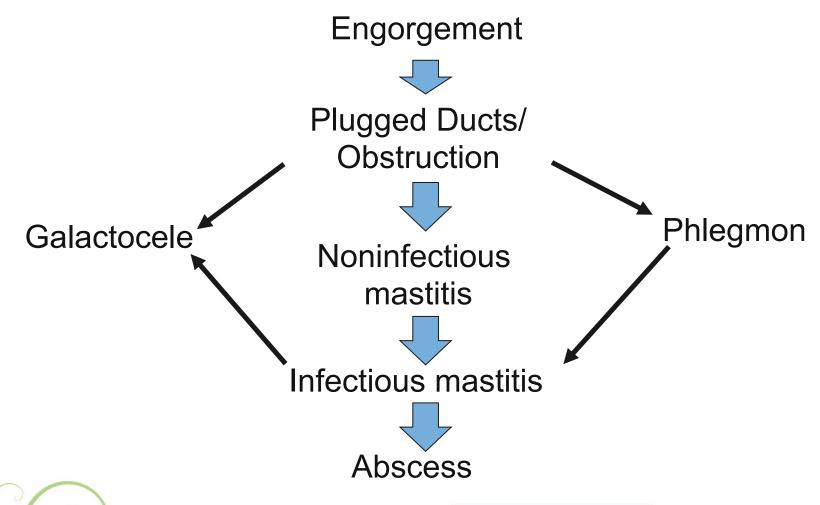
## Agenda

- Management of severe mastitis and breast abscess
- Benign breast problems in pregnancy and lactation
- Pregnancy associated breast cancer
- Breast feeding after breast surgery and breast cancer

- I have no financial disclosures
- There will be many pictures of bosoms



# Breast Infections in the Breast Feeding Woman





#### **Mastitis**

- 10% of breast-feeding women develop mastitis
- 15% of women who receive no treatment will improve
- Antibiotics and emptying the breast improve resolution rates
- Symptomatically different from engorgement



Antibiotics for mastitis in breastfeeding women (Review)

Jahanfar S, Ng CJ, Teng CL

Breast infections – Microbiology and treatment in an era of antibiotic resistance

rticle in Press: Corrected Proof

S.P. Russell, C. Neary, S. Abd Elwahab, J. Powell, N. O'Connell, L. Power, S. Tormey, B.A. Merrigan and A.J. Lowery
Surgeon, The, Copyright © 2019 Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh (Scottish charity



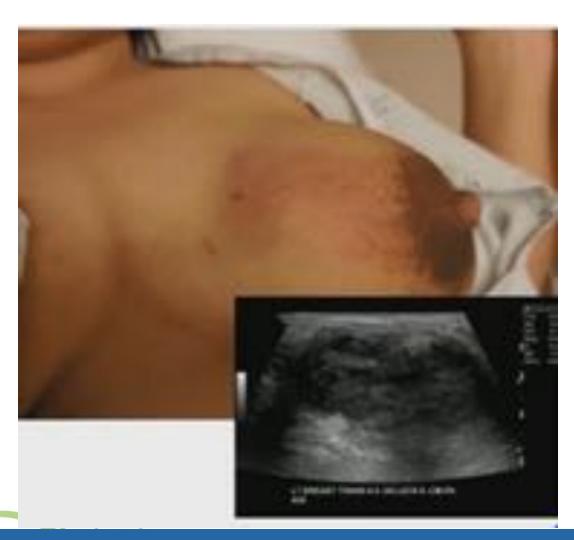
## Mastitis

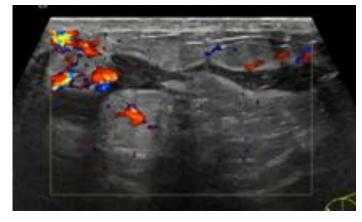




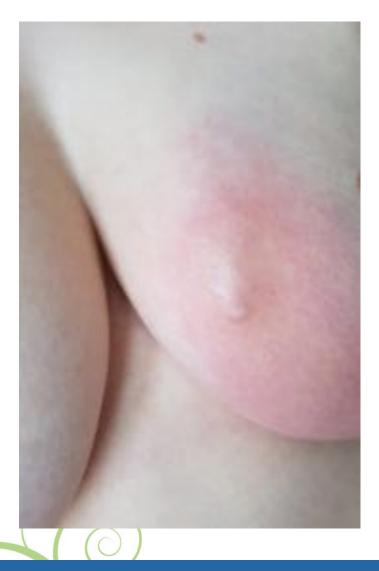


# Phlegmon





## Abscess





#### **Breast Abscess**

- 11% in women with lactational mastitis
- Most common causes of abscess is Staphylococcus aureus
  - Steptococcus or Escherichia coli are less common
- Antibiotics of choice such as dicloxacillin or flucloxacillin 500mg four times daily orally
  - Unless there is concern for MRSA
- 15% of patients with a lactational breast abscess required a second antibiotic regime
- There is not strong evidence for duration of antibiotic treatment, or antibiotic treatment after incision in drainage
- The most important treatment of a breast abscess is drainage



#### **Ultrasound**



Figure 1 Ultrasound image of a hypoechoic abscess with layering mobile debris in the right breast.



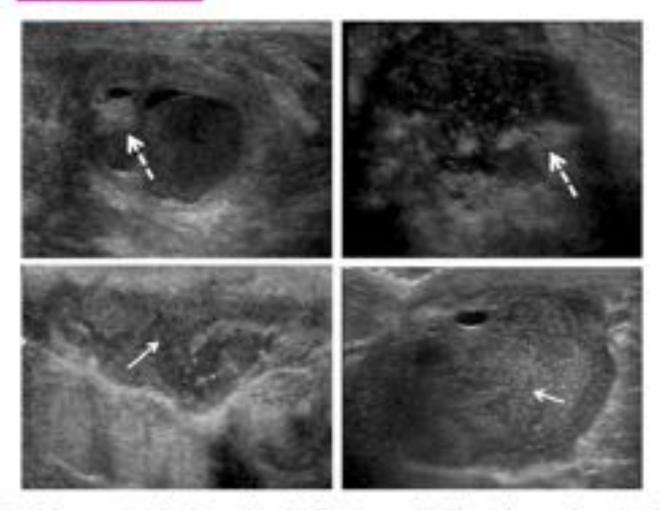


FIGURE 3 Variability of abscess contents by ultrasound imaging. These images of 4 different abscesses demonstrate lumpy/nodular demonstrated with a dash arrow and smooth debric with a solid arrow.

#### Intervention in Breast Abscess

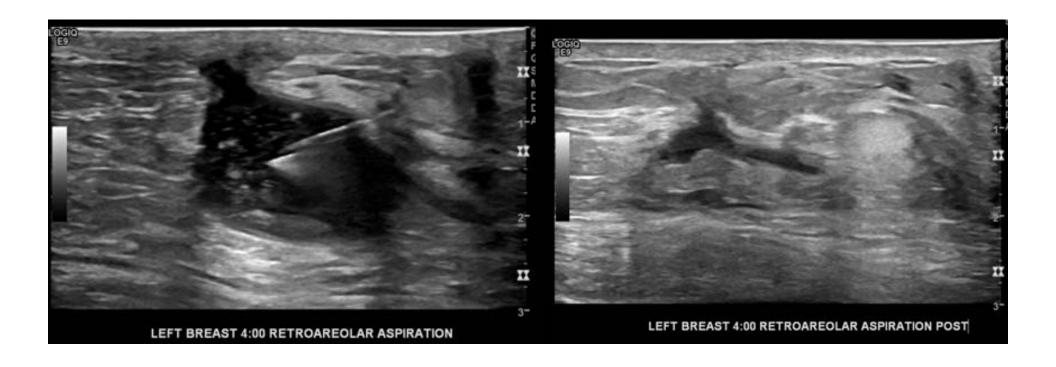
- Aspiration is preferred over incision and drainage (I&D)
  - > Suggest faster return to breast feeding
  - > Higher rate of treatment failure than direct to I&D
  - > Complications of I&D include:
    - Sinus tract, reoperation, nipple inversion, poor cosmetic result, hypersensitivity, and foul odor
- General anesthesia, open and packed wounds requiring daily dressing changes, and postop scarring make surgery less desirable
- Higher patient satisfaction with aspiration over I&D

Predictors of outcomes in managing breast abscesses—A large retrospective single-center analysis



Miriam David MD<sup>1</sup> | Priyanka Handa MD<sup>1</sup> | Maria Castaldi MD<sup>2</sup>

# **Aspiration**





# Pigtail Catheter



Figure 7 The catheter is seen exiting the tip of the peel-away sheath after removing the needle. (Color version of figure is available online.)

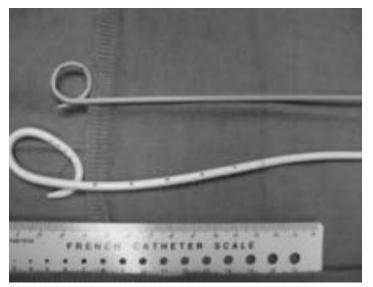


Figure 10 Peel-away sheath is removed, leaving the pigtail catheter in place. (Color version of figure is available online.)

surgical intervention is usually considered the next line



Figure 9 Pigtail catheter is shown through the peel-away sheath. (Color version of figure is available online.)



# **Catheter Drainage**







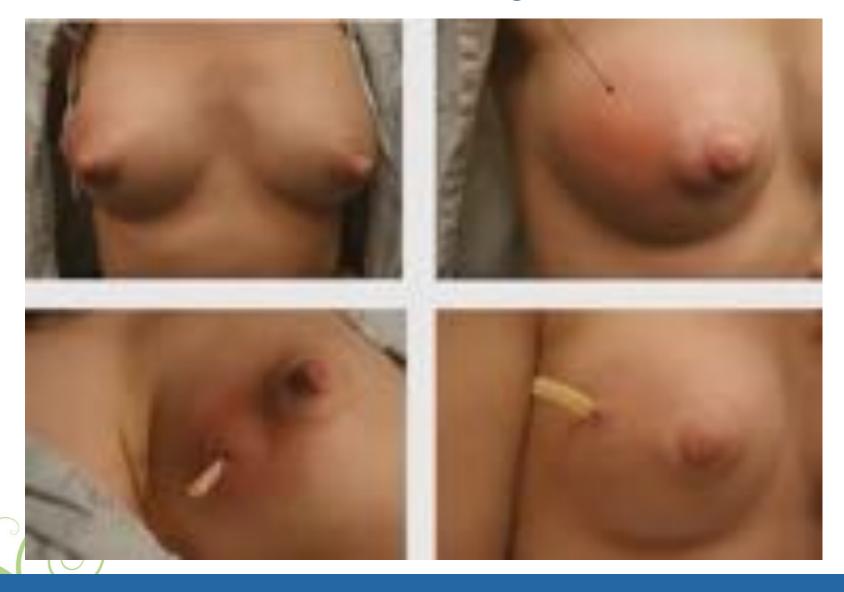
# Signs that you need to move towards operative intervention

- Abscess >5cm are likely to require operative drainage or placement of a catheter to drain the abscess
- Symptoms of systemic illness
  - > Fever, tachycardia, hypotension
- Concern for skin integrity





# **Abscess Incision and Drainage**



# **Incision and Drainage**

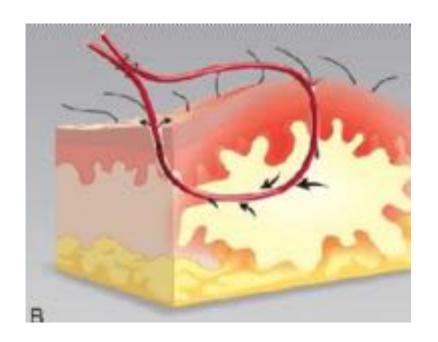


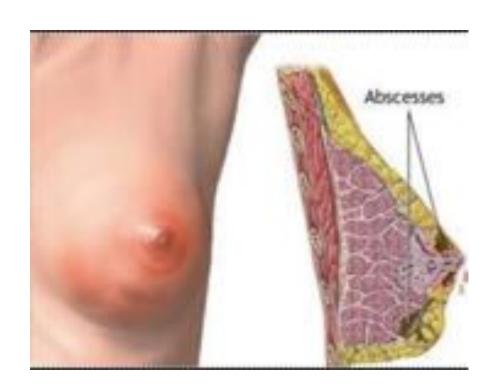


Fig. 262 Subareolar abscess with wick



## Abscess Tips

- Continue to let the baby feed from the affected breast
  - > Reduces inflammation, empties the breast best
  - > Avoid pumping
    - Stimulates milk supply but isn't as effective at emptying the braest
- Multiple weeks of antibiotics, aspirations may be needed
- Last resort incision and drainage

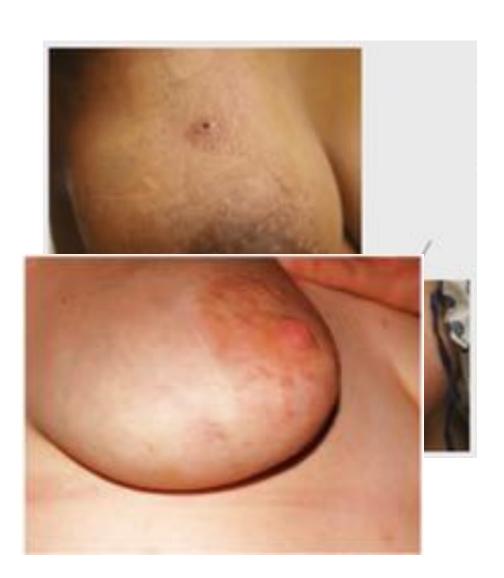




### Milk Fistula

- Communication between the duct and the skin
- Management:
  - > Conservative: Continue feeding
  - > If extremely persistent, surgical excision of the fistulous tract





#### **Contact Dermatitis**

- Ask what the baby has touched, eaten
- If baby is on antibiotics, mother may be allergic
- Treatment is Triamcinolone cream







## Nipple Bleb

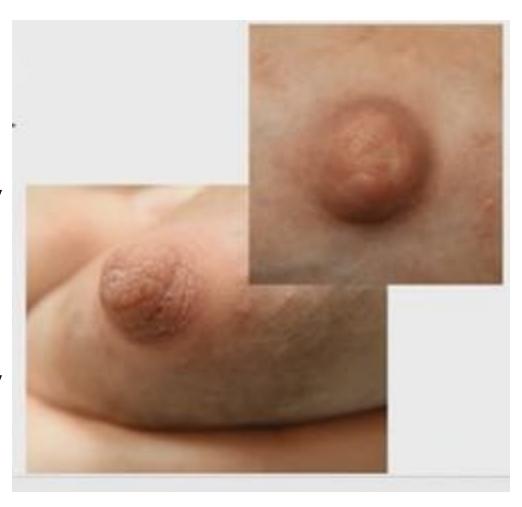
- Inflammatory lesion on the surface of the nipple
- May be single or multiple
- 0.1% Triamcinolone cream
- PO lecithin to reduce plugging
- Resolve precipitating factors
  - > Treat mastitis
  - > Possibly oversupply?





## Vasospasm

- Variety of nipple colors
  - > White
  - > Pink
  - > Purple
- Pain worse when the baby de-latches
- Treat with heat
  - > Wool pads
  - > Hand warmers
- Wound care for secondary trauma as needed





# Pump Trauma

- Nipple hydrogel
- Nipple balm without lanolin







(0)

#### **Breast Cancer Risk and Lactation**

- Breast feeding (especially in younger women) has been shown to be a protective factor against breast cancer
- Mechanism?
  - > Alpha-lactalbumin (Franca-Botelho 2012).
  - > Amenorrhea
  - > "Flushing the ducts"
  - > Lipids in Colostrum
- In a review of 47 studies in 30 countries, the risk of breast cancer was reduced by 4% for every 12 months of breastfeeding
- The choice to breastfeed may be one of the few proactive measures that can be undertaken to lower a woman's lifetime risk of developing breast cancer

APA (American Psychological Assoc.)
Wilson-Clay, B., & Hoover, K. (2013). The Breastfeeding Atlas (Vol. Fifth edition). Manchaca, Texas: B.Wilson-Clay/K.Hoover, dba LactNews Press.



## Pregnancy Associated Breast Cancer

- Defined as breast cancer during pregnancy or in the 12 months after pregnancy
- Accounts for 0.2–3.8% of all breast cancers
- At least 10% of women younger than 40 with breast cancer are pregnant at diagnosis
  - > Majority of cases are considered sporadic
  - > Second most common malignancy in pregnant women
- Transient increase in hormone-receptor breast cancer risk (lasting about 10 years) following a full-term pregnancy
- Present with a persistent palpable mass
- Imaging
  - > Combination of mammography and ultrasound is most accurate



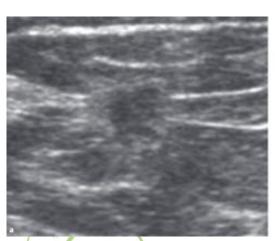
Pregnancy Associated Breast Cancer

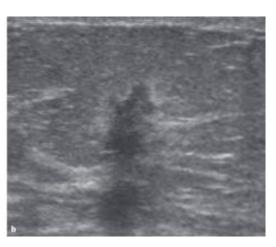
Diagnosis

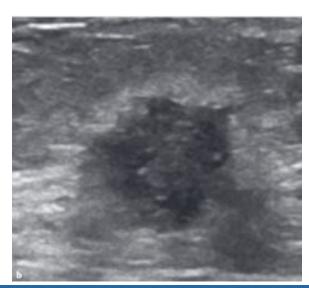
Diagnosis







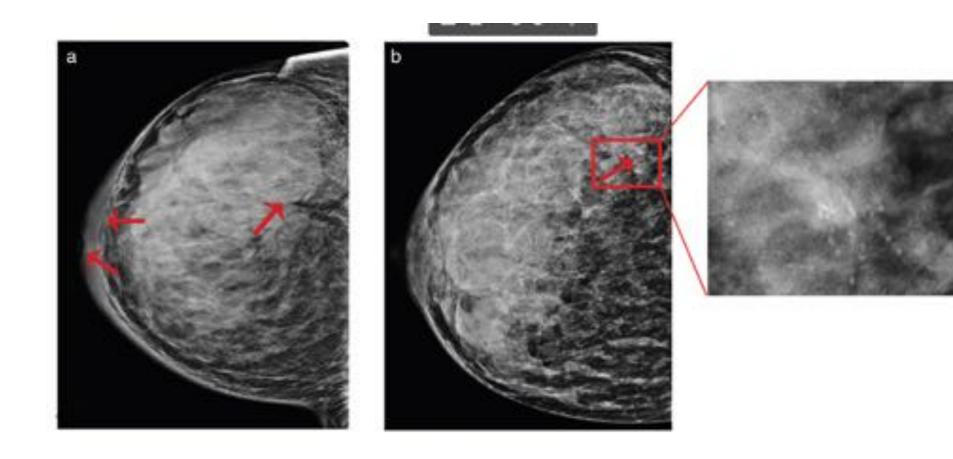




# **Ultrasound**



# Mammography





1/18/20

## Surgical Treatment in Pregnancy

- Breast radiation during pregnancy is contraindicated
  - > Lumpectomy and radiation should only be offered if the radiation can be given postpartum
- Reconstruction after mastectomy should be delayed until after delivery and cessation of lactation
  - > When the remaining breast has returned to normal size to get a balanced reconstruction





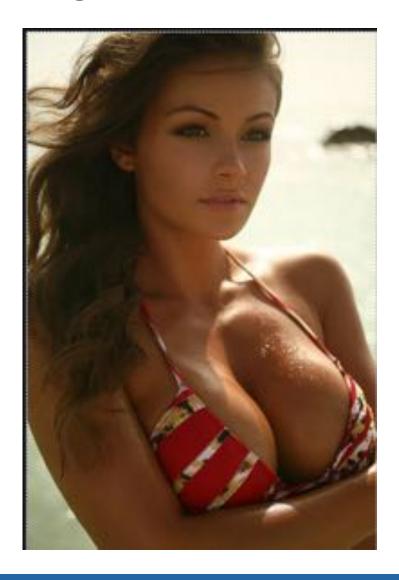
## Chemotherapy

- Although all chemotherapy drugs are category D (teratogenic),
  - > Risks have generally been seen only in the first trimester
  - > Later in pregnancy they are surprisingly safe, with only a 1.3% risk
  - > Not safe to breastfeed during chemotherapy





# Breast-Feeding after Breast Surgery





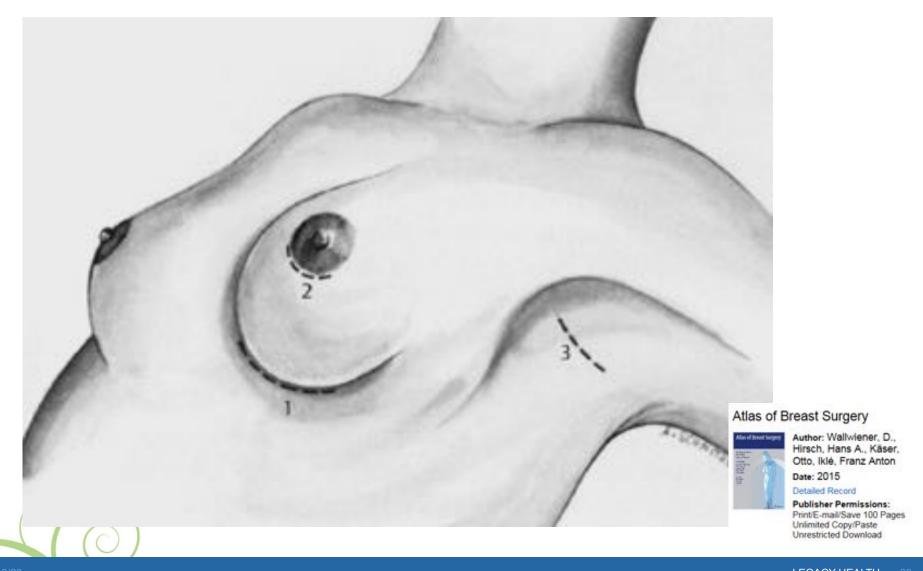
## **Breast Feeding After Breast Augmentation**

- Breast augmentation surgery is the most popular plastic surgery worldwide
- Many women choose to undergo aumentaion during their reproductive ages
- Number of concerns and technical factors lead to reduction in breast feeding
- Breastfeeding is indeed possible and safe after breast augmentation with implants regardless of the incision technique
- Women may need additional support

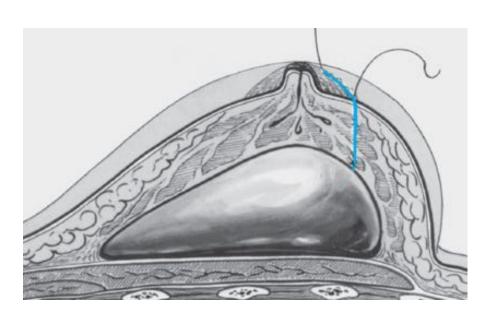


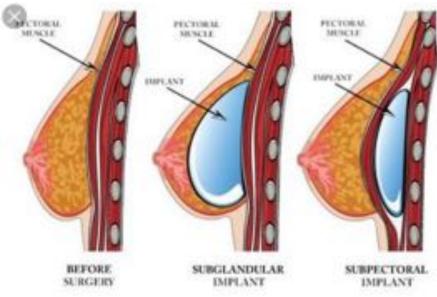


# **Breast Augmentation Incisions**



# **Breast Augmentation Implant Position**





#### Atlas of Breast Surgery



Author: Wallwiener, D., Hirsch, Hans A., Käser, Otto, Iklé, Franz Anton Date: 2015

Date: 2015 Detailed Record

Publisher Permissions: Print/E-mail/Save 100 Pages Unlimited Copy/Paste Unrestricted Download



# Breast Feeding after Reduction Mammoplasty

- 97% of patients reported either improved or resolved pain following the surgery.
- 90% of the participants were happy with the results of their surgery
- In studies of women with macromastia, over 50% of opted not to breast-feed before undergoing reduction
  - "Did not know how"
  - Felt that their breasts were too large



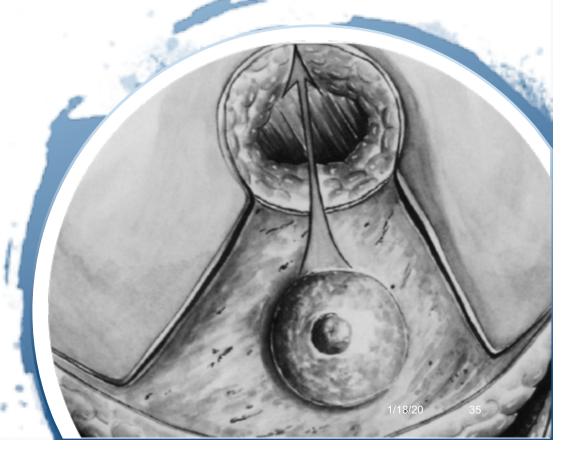


Author: Wallwiener, D., Hirsch, Hans A., Käser, Otto, Iklé, Franz Anton

Date: 2015

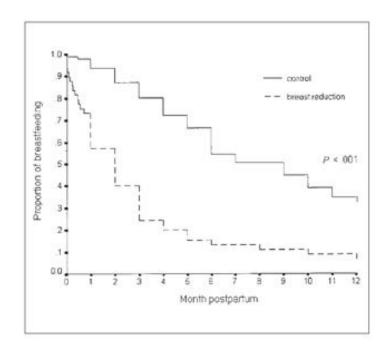
Detailed Record

Publisher Permissions: Print/E-mail/Save 100 Pages Unlimited Copy/Paste Unrestricted Download



## Breast Reduction May Decrease Breastfeeding

- The Inferior Pedicle surgical technique doesn't compromise the nerves or blood supply to the nipple or areola
- May result in decreased production and therefore decreased duration
- Type of surgery performed may not matter as much as the support around her at the time of breastfeeding (Kakagia, Tripsiannis, & Tsoutsos, 2005).



The Impact of Breast Reduction Surgery on Breastfeeding Performance

Gláucia C. Souto, MD, MsC, Elsa R. J. Giugliani, MD, PhD, IBCLC, Camila Giugliani, Márcia A. Schneider, MD

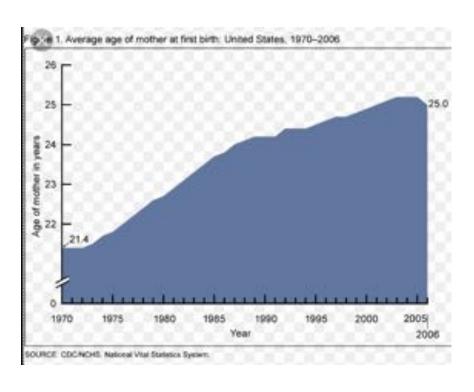


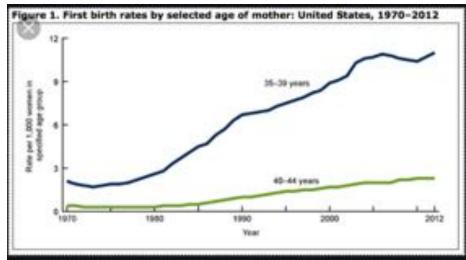
# Pregnancy and Breast Feeding after Breast Cancer





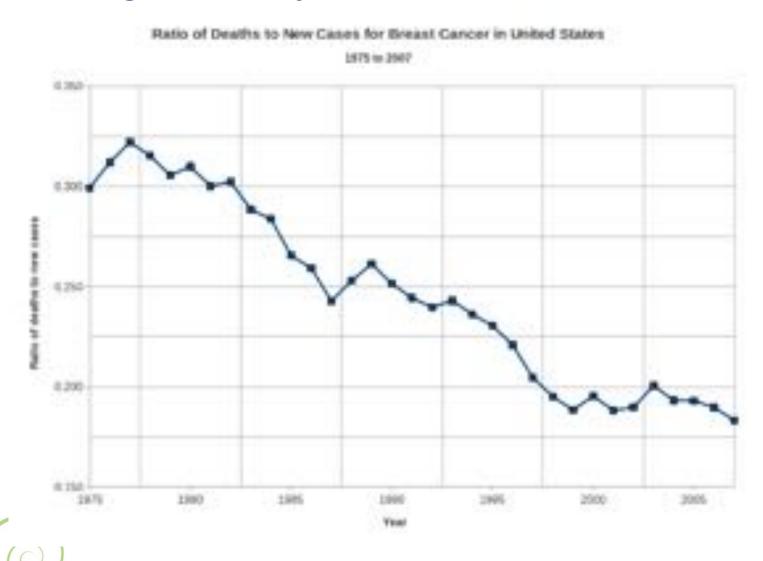
# Women area waiting longer to have children







# Decreasing Mortality of Breast Cancer



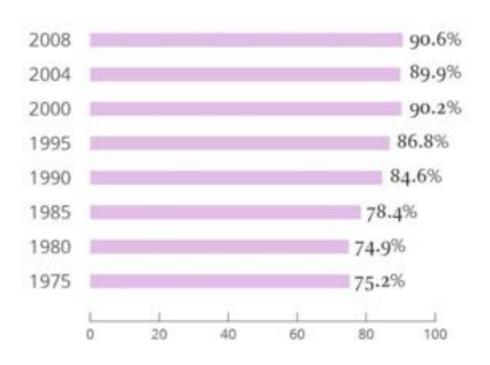
# Young Survivors: A growing group

- During 2010-2014, the median age at the time of breast cancer diagnosis was 62
- 7% of women with breast cancer are <age 40</li>

5-Year Relative Survival Rate (2008-2013)



#### 5-Year Survival Rate U.S. Women



Incer Institute / seer.cancer.gov/csr/1975\_2013/browse\_csr.php

/18/20 LEGACY HEALTH

# We have made significant improvements in disease free and overall survival

Study	Number of Patients	5 year DFS	5 year OS
Soft <35 y/o Tam+OS	240	75.9%	
Examestane +OS		83.2%	
POSH	2956	76.6%	81.9%
Donovan 2016	446	81.6%	89%
Boterri 2017	457		89.7%
Plichta 2016	584	89.5%	93%



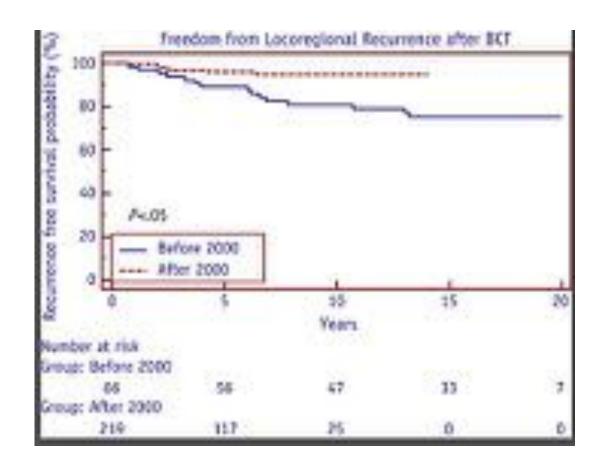
(2) JNCI. Volume 105, Issue 13, 3 July 2013, p. 978–988

(3) Ann Surg Oncol. 2017 Aug;24(8):2168-2173

- (4) <u>Br J Surg.</u> 2017 Aug 9.
- (5) Annals of Surg. Onc. 2016 Oct;23(10):3212-20



# Local Recurrence Rates Are Decreasing in the Modern Era



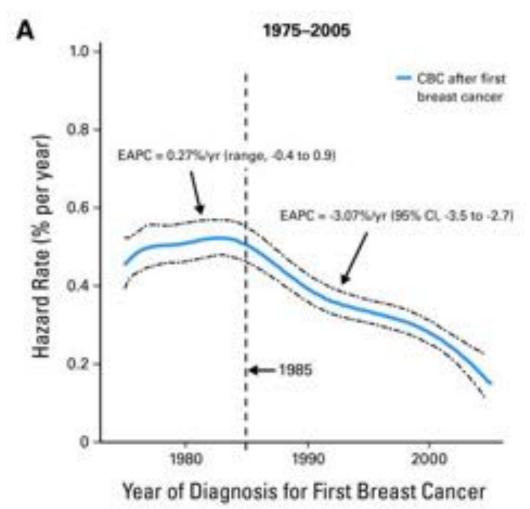


International Journal of Radiation Oncology, Biology, Physics.

Frandsen, Jonathan, MD; Ly, David, MD, MPA... Show all. Published November 30, 2015. Volume 93, Issue 5. Pages 1096-1103. © 2015.



### Contralateral Breast Cancer Rates are Falling





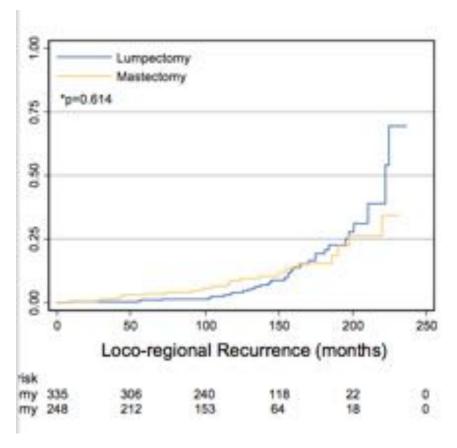
J Clin Oncol. 2011 Apr 20; 29(12): 1564–1569.

Published online 2011 Mar 14. doi: 10.1200/JCO.2010.32.7395

Copyright/License ▶ Request permission to reuse

#### Factors Associated with Recurrence Rates and Long-Term Survival in Women Diagnosed with Breast Cancer Ages 40 and Younger

Jennifer K. Plichta, MD, MS1, Upahvan Rai, BS1, Rong Tang, MD1, Suzanne B. Coopey, MD1, Julliette M. Buckley,

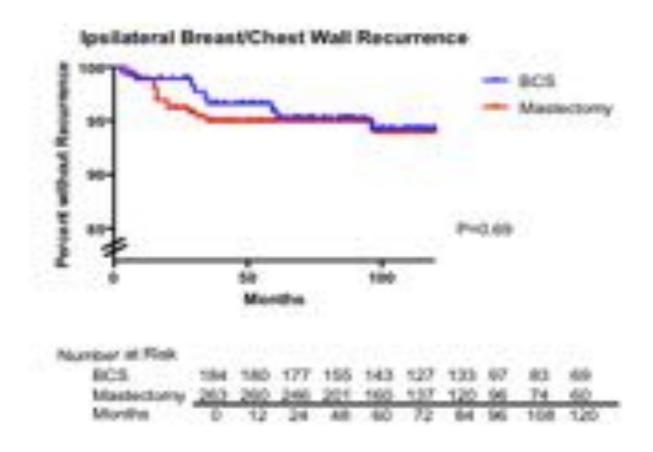


Ann Surg Oncol (2016) 23:3212-3220 DOI 10.1245/s10434-016-5404-z





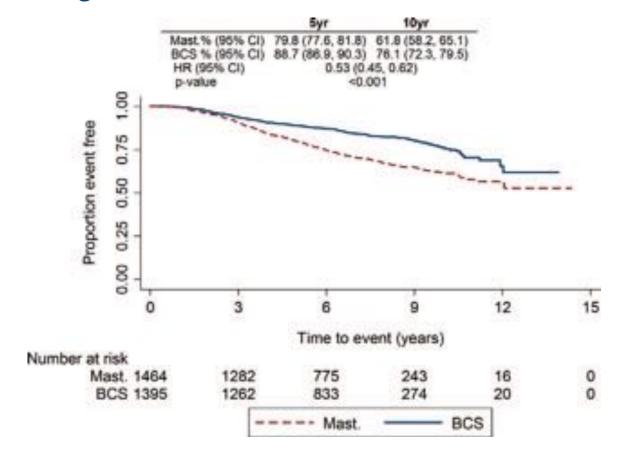
### Cedars Local Recurrence





/18/20 LEGACY HEALTH 45

#### Even in Young Women: No Survival Benefit to Mastectomy

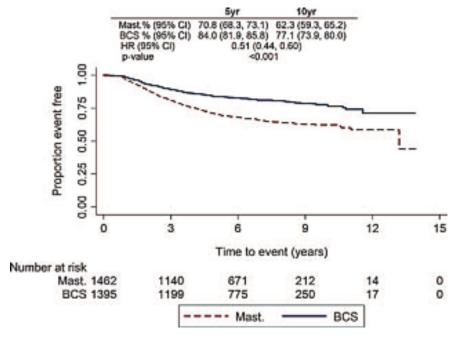


Overall survival Kaplan-Meier plot for all patients by surgical type



# The risk of distant recurrence is far greater than the risk of local or contralateral recurrence

Distant disease-free interval Kaplan-Meier plot for all patients by surgical type.



- > LRR only 15% of all recurrences
- > 60% of recurrences are distant disease



Annals of Surgery • Volume 266, Number 1, July 2017

#### Breast Surgical Choice in Young Women

- Bilateral mastectomy rates are rising
  - Nearly 60% of women <40 are undergoing bilateral mastectomy</p>
- Contralateral breast cancer rates are low in the modern era, even in young women
- We can reassure young women that breast conservation is a safe choice



### Lactation After Breast Cancer

- More women are delaying childbirth
- More women are long-term survivors of breast cancer
- Number of pre-menopausal breast cancer patients sustaining full-term pregnancies after treatment for their malignancy will continue to rise
- It is becoming increasingly clear that mastectomy does not prolong survival and breast conservation is a safe choice in many women
  - Exceptions include women with genetic mutations, women with large tumors or inflammatory breast cancer, strong family history, overwhelming anxiety about screening
  - 40% of women are choosing lumpectomy in this age group Long-term Safety of Pregnancy Following

**Breast Cancer According to Estrogen** Receptor Status @

Matteo Lambertini, Niels Kroman, Lieveke Ameye, Octavi Cordoba, Alvaro Pinto, Giovanni Benedetti, Maj-Britt Jensen, Shari Gelber, Maria Del Grande, Michail Ignatiadis ... Show more

JNCI: Journal of the National Cancer Institute, Volume 110, Issue 4, April 2018, Pages 426-429, https://doi-org.lhs.idm.oclc.org/10.1093/jnci/djx206 Published: 26 October 2017 Article history v



### Breast Feeding After Breast Cancer

- Retrospective studies demonstrate no survival disadvantage in women who have a pregnancy after treatment for breast cancer
- Lactation usually proceeds normally in the unaffected breast
- In the treated breast, functional lactation is possible
  - > generally milk production is significantly diminished in the majority of patients

MLA (Modern Language Assoc.)
Wilson-Clay, Barbara, and Kay Hoover. The Breastfeeding Atlas. Vol.
Fifth edition, B.Wilson-Clay/K.Hoover, dba LactNews Press, 2013.



Dow 1994, Kasum 2006, Camune 2007, Danforth 1991, Moran 2005



# Disclosure





1/18/20 **LEGACY HEALTH** 51

#### References

#### Antibiotics for mastitis in breastfeeding women (Review)

Jahanfar S, Ng CJ, Teng CL

FULL TEXT ARTICLE

Breast infections — Microbiology and treatment in era of antibiotic resistance

Article in Press: Corrected Proof

S.P. Russell, C. Neary, S. Abd Elwahab, J. Powell, N. O'Connell, L. Power, S. Tormey, B.A. Merrigan and A.J. Lowery

Surgeon, The, Copyright © 2019 Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh (Scottish charity number \$C006317) and Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland

Predictors of outcomes in managing breast abscesses—A large retrospective single-center analysis

Miriam David MD<sup>1</sup> | Priyanka Handa MD<sup>1</sup> | Maria Castaldi MD<sup>2</sup>

APA (American Psychological Assoc.)
Wilson-Clay, B., & Hoover, K. (2013). The Breastfeeding Atlas
(Vol. Fifth edition). Manchaca, Texas: B.Wilson-Clay/K.Hoover,
dba LactNews Press.

2018, Vol. 34(3) 424-432 © The Author(s) 2018

sagepub.com/journalsPermissions.r DOI: 10.1177/0890334418776654

Reprints and permissio

(\$)SAGE

Original Research

Do Breast Implants Influence Breastfeeding? A Meta-Analysis of Comparative Studies

Fengrui Cheng, MD<sup>1</sup>, Shuiping Dai, MD<sup>1</sup>, Chiyi Wang, MD<sup>1</sup>, Shaoxue Zeng, MD<sup>1</sup>, Junjie Chen, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>, and Ying Cen, MD, PhD<sup>1</sup>

Atlas of Breast Surgery



Author: Wallwiener, D., Hirsch, Hans A., Käser, Otto, Iklé, Franz Anton

Date: 2015 Detailed Record

Publisher Permissions: Print/E-mail/Save 100 Pages Unlimited Copy/Paste Unrestricted Download

#### The Impact of Breast Reduction Surgery on Breastfeeding Performance

Gláucia C. Souto, MD, MsC, Elsa R. J. Giugliani, MD, PhD, IBCLC, Camila Giugliani, Márcia A. Schneider, MD

- (1) JCO Volume 30.No 30. 2012 Oct. 20 p. 3687-3696
- (2) JNCI. Volume 105, Issue 13, 3 July 2013, p. 978–988
- (3) Ann Surg Oncol. 2017 Aug;24(8):2168-2173
- (4) Br J Surg. 2017 Aug 9.
- (5) Annals of Surg. Onc. 2016 Oct;23(10):3212-20

In the Modern Treatment Era, Is Breast Conservation Equivalent to Mastectomy in Women Younger Than 40 Years of Age? A Multi-Institution Study
International Journal of Radiation Oncology, Biology, Physics.

Frandsen, Jonathan, MD; Ly, David, MD, MPA... Show all. Published November 30, 2015. Volume 93, Issue 5. Pages 1096-1103. © 2015.

Ann Surg Oncol (2016) 23:3212-3220 DOI 10.1245/s10434-016-5404-z





Long-term Safety of Pregnancy Following Breast Cancer According to Estrogen Receptor Status @

Matteo Lambertini, Niels Kroman, Lieveke Ameye, Octavi Cordoba, Alvaro Pinto, Giovanni Benedetti, Maj-Britt Jensen, Shari Gelber,

Maria Del Grande, Michail Ignatiadis ... Show more

JNCI: Journal of the National Cancer Institute, Volume 110, Issue 4, April 2018, Pages 426–429, https://doi-org.llhs.idm.oclc.org/10.1093/jnci/djx206

Published: 26 October 2017 Article history ▼

